

Reg. No. : .....

Name : .....

**Second Semester B.A. Degree Examination, May 2019**  
**Career Related First Degree Programme Under CBCSS**  
**Journalism, Mass Communication and Video Production**  
**Core Course III**

**JC 1241 : INTRODUCTION TO ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES**

**(2015 Admission onwards)**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

I. Very short answers. Answer all questions (One word to maximum 2 sentences)

1. Define trophic level
2. What is green tribunal?
3. What is incineration?
4. Define a food chain.
5. What is rain water harvesting?
6. What is a shola forest?
7. What are biodiversity hotspots?
8. Define tropical climate.
9. Define ENVIS.
10. What is Holocaust?

**(10 x 1 = 10 Marks)**

**II. Short answers. Answer any eight of the following.**

11. What are the conventional programmes under taken in environmental awareness creation?
12. What are the causes of ozone layer depletion?
13. Write a note on mineral resources of Kerala.
14. List out the benefits of biodiversity.
15. Explain how cyclones are formed.
16. Explain how energy flows in an aquatic ecosystem.
17. List out the causes of Desertification.
18. Write a note on pyramid of energy.
19. Explain various methods of soil erosion control.
20. List out environmental protection acts in India.
21. Write down the causes of landslides.
22. Write down the role of information technology in human health care.

**(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)**

**III. Short essays. Answer any six of the following. (Not to exceed one paragraph).**

23. List out various issues related to urbanization.
24. Write an account of non-renewable resources and their present status.
25. Explain the structure and function of a desert ecosystem.
26. Write a brief account of nuclear hazards and their environmental impacts.

27. Briefly explain the causes and consequences of Global warming.
28. List down various methods of solid waste management.
29. Explain disaster preparedness related to Earthquake.
30. Define watershed. How can they be managed?
31. Briefly explain the environmental effects of modern agricultural practices.

**(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)**

IV. Long essay. Answer any two of the following.

32. Write down the causes, effects and management measures of water pollution.
33. Write an essay on energy resources with special emphasis on their current status.
34. Write an account out the biodiversity status of India. List out various threats to biodiversity.
35. What are natural resources. Comment on the role of individuals in the conservation of natural resources.

**(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)**

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B.Com Tax

(Pages : 7)

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Reg. No. : .....

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**Second Semester B.A./B.Sc./B.Com. Degree Examination, May 2019**

**First Degree Programme Under CBCSS**

**Language Course IV (ENGLISH II)**

**(Common for B.A./B.Sc. (EN 1212.1), B.Com. (EN 1211.2) &  
Career Related 2 (a) (EN 1211.3))**

**MODERN ENGLISH GRAMMAR AND USAGE**

**(2013 Admission Onwards)**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

I. Answer all questions :

1. Most children below ten play happily with colourful toys. (Identify the predicate)
2. She likes sweets. (change into negative)
3. Solomon was the wisest of all men. (add a question tag)
4. I haven't done \_\_\_\_\_ work so far. (use 'some' or 'any')
5. The Base-ball is a very popular game in America. (correct the sentence)
6. The train left the platform before I reached. (correct the sentence)
7. Spain is \_\_\_\_\_ European country (use 'a' or 'an')
8. To solve this problem is difficult (begin with 'it')

P.T.O.

9. Many a passenger \_\_\_\_\_ lost his luggage. (use the correct form \_\_\_\_\_ has/have)

10. The former part of the film is more interesting than the \_\_\_\_\_ (later/latter)

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

ii. Answer **any eight** of the following.

11. Convert the following into a complex sentence.

(a) His absence is due to illness.

(b) Seeing the policeman, the thief ran away.

12. Change into simple sentence.

(a) It is a matter that deserves attention.

(b) Dogs that bark do not always bite.

13. Change into affirmative :

(a) How terrible it is !

(b) What a fuss you make !

14. Correct the following sentences :

(a) He said to me to complete the work.

(b) The leopard attacked on six villagers.

15. Change the voice :

(a) They made her apologize.

(b) They found him guilty.

16. Frame a question to get the underlined word as answer :
- (a) He goes to church everyday.
  - (b) I met her in the afternoon.
17. Change into comparative :
- (a) The elephant is the strongest animal on land.
  - (b) Kovalam is the most beautiful beach.
18. Add a suitable question tag :
- (a) Honesty is the best policy \_\_\_\_\_?
  - (b) They didnot lose their way, \_\_\_\_\_?
19. Write the 's' genitive version of the following :
- (a) Visit of the President.
  - (b) The house of Mr. John.
20. Rearrange the jumbled words into meaningful sentence :
- (a) was/dancer/painter/the/once/a
  - (b) jumped/bus/he/off/the.
21. Replace the underlined words with an adverb.
- (a) She can speak French in a fluent manner.
  - (b) He finished the work in a quick fashion.
22. Use the appropriate articles :
- (a) The car is going at fifty miles \_\_\_\_\_ hour.
  - (b) He reads \_\_\_\_\_ Bible everyday.

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

III. Answer any **six** of the following as directed.

23. Complete the following sentences using the correct form of the tenses :

- A : Hello Sir, what can I – (do) for you?  
B : I \_\_\_\_\_ (look) for a good bicycle.  
A : There are many new models. Have a \_\_\_\_\_ (look)  
B : I want one which \_\_\_\_\_ (give) a smooth run.  
A : Then take this one with a low cost.  
B : How much will it cost?  
A : Only 2000 Rupees.  
B : All right. I \_\_\_\_\_ (come) in the evening to purchase it.  
A : Thank you sir.

24. Use the correct forms of the words given in brackets.

I was (read) a book when I (hear) a knock on the door. (see) nothing. I (go) on reading the book.

25. Rewrite the following sentences using the correct prepositions :

- (a) The meeting started \_\_\_\_\_ 5 p.m.  
(b) He goes to office \_\_\_\_\_ Bus.  
(c) He beat me \_\_\_\_\_ a stick.  
(d) Here comes the bus that you are waiting \_\_\_\_\_  
(e) India became a Republic \_\_\_\_\_ 1950.  
(f) Gandhiji was born \_\_\_\_\_ 2<sup>nd</sup> October 1869.  
(g) It rained \_\_\_\_\_ morning till evening yesterday.  
(h) I want your reply \_\_\_\_\_ a week.

26. Rewrite the following conversation in indirect speech :

"I am acquainted with your name" , said Kirilov courteously.

"I have seen it in print, even in the soviet union".

"I feel flattered", said Emily.

27. Correct the following sentences :

- (a) The letter reached us only very lately.
- (b) They were awaiting for our reply.
- (c) He drove very fastly.
- (d) The school principal decided to give him capital punishment.

28. Complete the following sentences using suitable modals :

- (a) You \_\_\_\_\_ not enter the class without apologizing to the principal (shall/may/would)
- (b) When I was living with my grandma she \_\_\_\_\_ tell stories and fables at bed time. (shall/would/might)
- (c) To become a good driver I \_\_\_\_\_ practice every (should/might/could)
- (d) Our team \_\_\_\_\_ win, if they tried. (can/could/would)

29. Rewrite the following passage underlining the determinatives, quantifiers and possessives in it :

- (a) Have you got the book?
- (b) The teacher liked her essay.
- (c) This research requires expensive equipment.
- (d) There was no debate and the senate passed all the bills.

30. Fill up using articles :

- (a) \_\_\_\_\_ large number of cars were parked outside \_\_\_\_\_ school.
- (b) \_\_\_\_\_ police arrested \_\_\_\_\_ one-eyed man.
- (c) There was \_\_\_\_\_ ugly scar on \_\_\_\_\_ face of \_\_\_\_\_ prisoner.
- (d) We always admire \_\_\_\_\_ brave.



31. Rewrite the following providing the correct punctuations :

trains buses autorickshaws cars are not running due to the bandh.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

IV. Answer any **two** of the following :

32. Expand the proverb "united we stand ! Divided we fall !" .

(Answer in about two or three pages)

33. Write a short essay on "India : My country".

(Answer in about two to three pages)

34. Write a precis of the following passage :

There is a false idea that a man must live up to his position. It is said that one's house, furniture, and dress should inform the world of one's rank. This idea is foolish. Throw it aside. Find out what you want, and spend money on that; find out what you do not care about, and spend nothing on such things. Find out by practical tests what you really want and enjoy. A man who has not experienced ups and downs, a man who has not been forced to live more cheaply than in former times, has still his education to begin. Let the experiment be made. He will find to his surprise that he has been eating more than was necessary; that the cheap lodging, the rough clothes, the plain food, give him as much pleasure as the costly things that he had previously enjoyed.

The happy man is he who lives wholly in himself. He does what he wishes and not what is thought proper by others. He buys what he wants for himself and not what others expect him to buy. He works at what he believes he can do well and not what will bring him money or favour. However poor he may be, he is always open handed to his friends. If he has more now, he does not care to save, for he knows he can do with less. He shares his sovereign or shilling with a friend. Where do beggars usually go? Not to the great houses where people are rolling in wealth, but to the doors of poor men who have scarcely enough to meet their own needs. (277 words)

35. Arrange the given sentences in the proper order :

(Hints : First sentence and the last sentence are in the correct order. The rest of the sentences have to be rearranged so as to give logical sense to the whole passage).

Generally, we think that 'education' refers to the study of books and what we learn in the class room visiting new places can be an enriching and educative experience. But education is not restricted to that when we hear or read that Banglore is a beautiful place, we can form only a rough picture of the city in a broad sense, education is what we gain by seeing, reading, thinking and acting. However, it is only by visiting the city that we can develop a clear understanding of its culture, language, and history. In this sense, travel is an important part of education. Travel, therefore, adds to our experience and is certainly a part of education.

**(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)**

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**Second Semester B.A. Degree Examination, May 2019**  
**(Career Related First Degree Programme Under CBCSS)**

**Group 2(a)**

**Journalism and Mass Communication and Video Production**

**Vocational Course II**

**JC 1271 BASICS OF AUDIO VISUAL COMMUNICATION**

**(2014 Admission onwards)**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

**PART – A**

Answer the following in one or two sentences :

1. Silence
2. Pinhole Image
3. Fade
4. Thomas Alva Edison
5. SFX
6. Ram mohan
7. Thaumatrope

8. Echo
9. Sound Forge
10. Edwin H. Armstrong

**(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)**

**PART – B**

Answer **any eight** of the following , each one not exceeding 40 to 50 words.

11. Atmos
12. Infographics
13. Reverberation
14. Hasan Ib naI–Haytham
15. What does Cmyk standsfor?
16. Acoustic panels
17. Animation
18. What are the different types of Radio signals?
19. Pigment
20. Lumiese Brothers
21. Ambient Sound
22. Audiovisual aids

**(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)**

### PART – C

Write short essays, each not exceeding 120 words on any six of the following.

23. Signature theme and song.
24. What are the basic elements of sound?
25. 'Light is made of particles and not waves' – who was behind this theory of light. Elucidate.
26. List the difference between pitch and frequency.
27. List three pre film animation devices with a brief sketch about them.
28. What are the advantages and disadvantages of FM and AM broadcast?
29. What are the different types of Ambient sound?
30. Popularity of FM radio stations is song up. Why?
31. List out the importance of colour on film making.

**(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)**

### PART – D

Write long essays on any two of the following.

32. List the different Theorie of Light.
33. Discuss the basic elements and principles of visual language.
34. 'Sound in fifty Percent of Movie'. Discuss.
35. Trace the evolution of Audio visual Communication.

**(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)**

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**Second Semester B.A./B.Sc./B.Com. Degree Examination, May 2019**

**(Career Related First Degree Programme under CBCSS)**

**GROUP 2(a)**

**Language Course IV – Additional Language – II**

**Malayalam**

**ML 1211.3 : ഭൃത്യകലാസാഹിത്യം**

**(2014 Admission – 2017 Admission)**

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

- I. ഒരു വാക്കിലോ പരമാവധി രണ്ടു വാക്യത്തിലോ ഉത്തരം എഴുതുക.
1. 'നളചരിതം ആട്ടക്കഥ'യ്ക്ക് കാനാരതാരകം എന്ന പേരിൽ വ്യാഖ്യാനമെഴുതിയതാര്?
2. മൂന്നുതരം തുള്ളലുകളുടെ പേരെഴുതുക.
3. സി.ജെ.തോമസ് എഴുതിയ നാടകപഠനഗ്രന്ഥം.
4. "ഗ്രാഹം പിടിച്ചപ്പോൾ മോഹവും കലർന്നാകമ്പിതമായി ദേഹവും"  
- ആരുടെ വാക്കുകളാണിത്?
5. കഥകളിയിൽ ഉപയോഗിക്കുന്ന വാദ്യങ്ങളേവ?

6. "ഉത്തരാശാമുഖം നോക്കിപ്പുറപ്പെട്ടു  
സത്യരാഹങ്കാര ഗംഭീരപുരുഷൻ"  
- ആരാണ് ഈ ഗംഭീരപുരുഷൻ?
7. 'നളചരിതം കിളിപ്പാട്ട്' ആരുടെ രചനയാണ്?
8. 'നീലക്കുയിൽ' എന്ന ചലച്ചിത്രത്തിന്റെ തിരക്കഥ എഴുതിയതാര്?
9. മഹാഭാരതത്തിലെ ഭീമസേനന്റെ വിചാരധാരകളെ പുനരാഖ്യാനം ചെയ്ത് എം.ടി. വാസുദേവൻ നായർ എഴുതിയ നോവൽ.
10. '1128-ൽ ക്രൈം 27' എന്ന നാടകമെഴുതിയതാര്?

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

11. ഒരു ഖണ്ഡികയിൽ കവിയാതെ എട്ടു ചോദ്യത്തിന് ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക.
11. "മോഹാർണ്ണവത്തിൻ പ്രവാഹത്തിൽ വീണു ഞാൻ  
മുഹൂർത്തി മുഴുകുമായിതിദാനീം"  
- ആരുടെ വാക്കുകളാണിത്? സന്ദർഭമേത്?
12. "മാരിതമായ് പെരുമ്പാമ്പെടോ സുകു-  
മാരിമാർക്കിന്നൊരു കൃമ്പടോ"  
- കാട്ടാളന്റെ ഈ വാക്കുകളിലെ മനോഭാവമെന്ത്?
13. കഥകളിയുടെ പ്രാരംഭചടങ്ങുകൾ എന്തെല്ലാം?
14. ശീതങ്കൻതുളുലിന്റെ സവിശേഷതകളെന്തെല്ലാം?
15. "പെണ്ണിന്റെ ചൊൽക്കേട്ടു ചാടിപ്പുറപ്പെട്ട  
പൊണ്ണൻ മഹാദോഷനയ്യോ മഹാജളൻ". ആരുടെ വാക്കുകളാണിത്? സന്ദർഭമേത്?
16. "ഉത്തരാശാമുഖം നോക്കിപ്പുറപ്പെട്ടു  
സത്യരാഹങ്കാരഗംഭീരപുരുഷൻ"  
- ആരെക്കുറിച്ചാണ് ഈ പ്രസ്താവന? യാത്രാലക്ഷ്യമെന്ത്?

17. 'അവൻ വീണ്ടും വരുന്നു' എന്ന നാടകത്തിലെ 'അവൻ' ആരാണ്?
18. "പാലു കൊടുത്ത കൈയ്ക്കു കടിക്കുന്ന പാമ്പ് ദൃഷ്ടൻ ഇവനൊന്നും നരകത്തിലും സ്ഥലം കിട്ടുകേല" - ആരുടെ വാക്കുകളാണിത്? സന്ദർഭമേന്ത്?
19. "പ്രായോഗിക ജീവിതസൗകര്യങ്ങൾ മാത്രമല്ലല്ലോ വിവാഹത്തിന്റെ അടിസ്ഥാനം" എന്ന് മാതൃക്കുട്ടി പറയാൻ കാരണമെന്ത്?
20. സീൻ, സ്ക്വയർസ് എന്നിവ എന്താണെന്ന് വിശദമാക്കുക.
21. 'അവൻ നോക്കി നിലെ തോണി അവനെ തിരിച്ചറിഞ്ഞപ്പോലെ ഇളകുന്നു. ഓളങ്ങളിൽ സൂര്യൻ വയ്ക്കുന്നു' സന്ദർഭമേന്ത്? വിശദീകരിക്കുക.
22. 'കടവ്' എന്ന പ്രതീകം എന്തിനെ സൂചിപ്പിക്കുന്നു?

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

III. 120 വാക്കിൽ കവിയാതെ ആറ് ചോദ്യത്തിന് ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക.

23. "പ്രാണരക്ഷണത്തിനൊന്നില്ലാ പ്രത്യുപകാരം  
പ്രചുരമാം സുകൃതാദ്യതേ"

- ആരുടെ വാക്കുകളാണിത്? സന്ദർഭമേന്ത്? ഈ പ്രതികരണത്തിന്റെ ഔചിത്യം പരിശോധിക്കുക.

24. നളചരിതത്തിൽ ഉണ്ണായി വാര്യർ തന്റെ പ്രാസപക്ഷപാതം പ്രദർശിപ്പിക്കുന്ന സന്ദർഭമാണ് ദമയന്തി - കാട്ടാളസംഗമം നിരൂപണം ചെയ്യുക.
25. കല്യാണസൗഗന്ധികത്തിലെ കദളിവനവർണ്ണന വിശദീകരിക്കുക.
26. 'അവൻ വീണ്ടും വരുന്നു' എന്ന നാടകത്തിലെ ഉപദേശി.
27. ജീവിതം തന്നെ ഒരു മഹായുദ്ധമാണെന്ന ആശയം 'അവൻ വീണ്ടും വരുന്നു' എന്ന നാടകം പങ്കുവയ്ക്കുന്നു. പരിശോധിക്കുക.
28. കല്യാണസൗഗന്ധികത്തിലെ ദ്രുപദി - കഥാപാത്രനിരൂപണം ചെയ്യുക.



29. 'കടവി'ലെ രാജ്യ എന്ന കഥാപാത്രത്തെ നിരൂപണം ചെയ്യുക.
30. പതിനെട്ടാം നൂറ്റാണ്ടിൽ കേരള കലാരംഗത്തിലുണ്ടായ നവോത്ഥാനം ചർച്ചചെയ്യുക.
31. 'എം.ടി. സിനിമകൾ വള്ളുവനാടിന്റെ അതിർത്തികളിൽ ഒരുങ്ങിപ്പോയിരിക്കുന്നു' എന്ന വിമർശനത്തെ യുക്തിപൂർവ്വം അപഗ്രഥിക്കുക.

**(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)**

IV. മൂന്നു പുറത്തിൽ കവിയാതെ രണ്ട് ചോദ്യങ്ങൾക്ക് ഉത്തരമെഴുതുക.

32. ആട്ടക്കഥാസാഹിത്യത്തിൽ 'നളചരിത'ത്തിന്റെ സ്ഥാനം പരിശോധിക്കുക.
33. 'കവിത ചാട്ടവാറാക്കിയ കവിയാണ് കൃഷ്ണൻ നമ്പ്യാർ' എന്ന പ്രസ്താവനയുടെ സാധ്യത പരിശോധിക്കുക.
34. മലയാളനാടകവേദിയെ ആധുനീകരിച്ചവരിൽ പ്രഥമ ഗണനീയനാണ് സി.ജെ. തോമസ്. വിലയിരുത്തുക.
35. എം.ടി. സിനിമകളുടെ പൊതുസവിശേഷതകൾ 'കടവി'നെ ആധാരമാക്കി നിർണ്ണയിക്കുക.

**(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)**

